



CATHOLIC MARRIAGE

Documents the bridal couple normally present prior to marriage

Listed below are the documents a bridal couple must present to an official of the Church prior to marriage. There may occasionally be a need for further documentation, particularly in cases where previous marriages have been dissolved. Further documentation may also be required if neither of the parties reside within the parish where the wedding will take place, or if the marriage has been prepared in a different parish.

To be presented by both parties

*Certificate of no impediment to enter into marriage (civil document)*¹

To be presented by Catholic baptized Catholic parties

*Recent baptismal certificate*²

*Printout of registered information in the National Population Register*³

To be presented by converted Catholic parties

*Recent baptismal certificate*⁴

*Certificate of conversion*⁵

*Printout of registered information in the National Population Register*³

To be presented by non-Catholic parties

*Baptismal certificate (if the party is baptised)*⁴

*Printout of registered information in the National Population Register*³

To be presented by widow or widower

*Documentation of previous spouse's death*³

1 The certificate is issued by the Norwegian by the Norwegian Tax Administration and must be secured no more than four months prior to the wedding. The certificate can be applied for digitally by the Norwegian Tax Administration.

Step 1: Select <https://www.skatteetaten.no/skjema/provingsattest/> or

<https://www.skatteetaten.no/en/forms/certificate-of-no-impediment-to-enter-into-marriage--declaration-by-the-bridal-couple/>

Step 2: Select "Apply for a certificate of no impediment to enter into marriage – Declaration by the bridal couple".

Step 3: Log in and submit the form.

If the couple has already entered into a civil marriage, the bridal couple should present the civil marriage certificate issued by the Norwegian Tax Administration. The certificate can be applied for digitally.

Step 1: Select: <https://www.skatteetaten.no/en/person/national-registry/certificates-and-information/order-certificates/>

Step 2: Under service "Order certificates", select "If you already know what certificate you need, you can find it here."

Step 3: Under service "Overview of certificates", choose "Marriage certificate".

Step 4: Log in and order.

2 The baptismal certificate must be obtained from the parish of baptism and must be recent (secured no more than six months prior to the wedding).

3 The certificate can be applied for digitally by the Norwegian Tax Administration. For **unmarried** person:

Step 1: Select: <https://www.skatteetaten.no/en/person/national-registry/certificates-and-information/order-certificates/>

Step 2: Under service "Order certificates", select "If you already know what certificate you need, you can find it here."

Step 3: Under service "Overview of certificates", choose "Register extract printout".

Step 4: Select "Order Register extract printout".

Step 5: Log in and order.

Persons that are **civilly married** to the other party, or to another person (even though the marriage has been dissolved), must request a full history of his/her marital status.

Step 1: Select: <https://www.skatteetaten.no/en/person/national-registry/certificates-and-information/order-certificates/>

Step 2: Under service "Order certificates", select "If you already know what certificate you need, you can find it here."

Step 3: Under service "Overview of certificates", choose "Register extract printout".

Step 4: Select "Order Register extract printout".

Step 5: Log in.

Step 6: Select "Other cases pertaining to the National Population Register".

Step 7: Select "Marital status history" and order.

4 The baptismal certificate should originate from the denomination where one was baptised.

5 The certificate of conversion must be obtained from the parish where one converted (was received into the full Communion of the Catholic Church), and it must be secured no more than six months prior to the wedding.